Attorney Docket No.: MAGMA-00702

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method of designing an integrated circuit comprising programming a processing path
- within the integrated circuit according to a first substitute circuit comprising substitute inputs and
- a substitute output, wherein a truth table representing the first substitute circuit is identical to a
- 4 truth table representing a first sequence of Boolean elements representing a processing path, and
- 5 wherein the first substitute circuit is not definable by a sequence of basic Boolean circuits.
- 1 2. The method according to claim 1 further comprising generating the first substitute circuit.
- 1 3. The method according to claim 2 further comprising receiving the first sequence of basic
- 2 Boolean elements.
- 1 4. The method according to claim 1 wherein the processing path further comprises a flip
- 2 flop at a processing path input.
- 1 5. The method according to claim 2 further comprising the step of reducing the first
- 2 sequence of Boolean elements into at least one intermediate equivalent circuit prior to the step of
- 3 generating a first substitute circuit.
- 1 6. The method according to claim 2 wherein the integrated circuit is a MOS circuit.
- The method according to claim 3 wherein the first sequence of basic Boolean elements is
- 2 less than or equal to twenty Boolean operators.

2 comprises a logical sequence greater than twenty Boolean elements. 9. 1 The method according to claim 3 wherein the step of receiving the first sequence of basic 2 Boolean elements precedes the step of generating a first substitute circuit. 10. 1 The method according to claim 1 wherein the step of programming is preceded by the 2 steps: 3 generating a plurality of sequences of basic Boolean elements respectively defined a. 4 by a plurality of truth tables; 5 b. generating a respective plurality of substitute circuits not definable by a sequence 6 of basic Boolean elements, including the first substitute circuit, wherein a 7 sequence of basic Boolean elements and its respective substitute circuit are 8 defined by a same truth table; 9 storing the plurality of sequences of basic Boolean elements in a library; and c. 10 d. storing the plurality of substitute circuits in the library in a relationship 11 corresponding to their respective sequence of basic Boolean elements. 1 11. The method according to claim 10 further comprising the steps: 2 receiving a first sequence of basic Boolean elements; and e. f. 3 searching the library for the first substitute circuit. 12. 1 The method according to claim 11 further comprising the steps: 2 failing to locate the first sequence of basic Boolean elements within the library; a.

The method according to claim 3 wherein the first sequence of basic Boolean elements

1

3

4

b.

c.

8.

generating the first substitute circuit; and

adding the first substitute circuit to the library.

- 1 13. The method according to claim 11 wherein the step of receiving the first sequence of basic Boolean elements is followed by the steps:
 - a. locating the first sequence of Boolean elements within the library; and
- b. locating the first substitute circuit within the library corresponding to the first sequence of Boolean elements.
- 1 14. The method according to claim 10 wherein the library comprises a digital memory.
- 1 15. The method according to claim 11 comprising a search engine for searching the library
- 2 for the first sequence of basic Boolean elements.
- 1 16. An apparatus for reducing a throughput time of a processing path of basic logic elements
- within an integrated circuit, the apparatus comprising a programming module for programming a
- 3 first substitute circuit into the processing path of the integrated circuit, wherein the substitute
- 4 circuit is not defined by a sequence of basic Boolean circuits, and wherein the substitute circuit is
- defined by a truth table identical to a truth table defining a processing path comprised of basic
- 6 Boolean circuits.
- 1 17. The apparatus according to claim 16 wherein the processing path comprises an input flip
- 2 flop.

3

- 1 18. The apparatus according to claim 16 wherein the integrated circuit is an MOS circuit.
- 1 19. The apparatus according to claim 16 further comprising a circuit generation module
- 2 configured to analyze a sequence of basic Boolean elements and generate a complimentary
- 3 substitute circuit.

2 reduce a first sequence of Boolean elements into an intermediate circuit sequence. 21. 1 The apparatus according to claim 16 further comprising: 2 a sequence generator for generating a plurality of sequences of Boolean elements, 3 wherein the circuit generation module is configured to generate a complimentary 4 substitute circuit for each sequence of Boolean elements generated; 5 b. a library for storing the plurality of sequences of Boolean elements such that each 6 Boolean element is stored in a correlation to its complimentary substitute circuit; 7 c. a search module for searching the library for a first sequence of Boolean elements; 8 and 9 d. a retrieval module for retrieving a substitute circuit from the library. 22. 1 The apparatus according to claim 21 wherein the library is stored on a digital medium. 23. 1 A method of programming a processing path comprising an input flip flop in a MOS 2 integrated circuit comprises: 3 receiving a first sequence of basic Boolean elements; a. 4 b. reducing the first sequence of basic Boolean elements to an equivalent sequence 5 of elements; 6 generating a substitute circuit from the equivalent sequence of elements; and c. 7 d. programming a processing path in the MOS integrated circuit according to the 8 substitute circuit, wherein the substitute circuit is not definable by a sequence of 9 basic Boolean elements, and wherein the substitute circuit is generated to define a

The apparatus according to claim 19 further comprising a reduction module configured to

1

10

truth table that also defines the first sequence of Boolean elements.